

**Amendments to the Claims:**

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Original) An image forming device comprising:  
an object to be biased;  
a bias applying power source that applies a bias to the object, the bias applying power source comprising a forward bias applying circuit and a reverse bias applying circuit connected in series to the object, the forward bias applying circuit applying a forward bias to the object according to a constant current control and comprising a voltage detecting circuit that detects an output voltage from the forward bias applying circuit; and  
resistance detecting means for detecting a resistance on the object based on the output voltage detected by the voltage detecting circuit and a resistance on the reverse bias applying circuit when the forward bias applying circuit executes constant current control.
2. (Currently Amended) The image forming device according to claim 1, wherein the forward bias applying circuit further comprises a booster circuit connected to the object, the booster circuit including a transformer having a primary winding, a secondary winding, and an auxiliary winding to which the voltage detecting circuit is connected.
3. (Original) The image forming device according to claim 2, wherein the auxiliary winding is provided at a primary winding side.
4. (Original) The image forming device according to claim 3, wherein the resistance detecting means determines the resistance on the object based on equation  $Z = (\alpha V_e - R i_1) / i_1$ , where  $Z$  is a resistance on the object,  $\alpha$  is a ratio of voltages in the secondary winding and auxiliary winding,  $V_e$  is a voltage detected by the voltage detecting circuit,  $R$  is a resistance on the reverse bias applying circuit, and  $i_1$  is a constant current set for constant current control.
5. (Currently Amended) The image forming device according to claim 3[4], wherein the resistance detecting means determines the resistance on the object based on equation  

$$Z^2 = \{(\alpha \pm A) \cdot (V_e \pm B) \cdot D - (R \pm E)(i_1 \pm F) \pm G\} / (i_1 \pm H)$$

is employed in lieu of the equation  $Z = (\alpha V_e - R i_1) / i_1$  in order to take factors or causes that vary the resistance value  $Z$  into consideration where  $Z$  is a resistance on the object,  $\alpha$  is a ratio of voltages in the secondary winding and auxiliary winding,  $V_e$  is a voltage detected by the voltage detecting circuit,  $R$  is a resistance on the reverse bias applying circuit, and  $i_1$  is a constant current set for constant current control and A, B, D, E, F, G and H represent numerals determined depending on the factors or causes that vary the resistance value  $Z$ .

6. (Original) The image forming device according to claim 1, wherein the forward bias applying circuit determines and applies a bias value based on a resistance on the object detected by the resistance detecting means.

7. (Original) The image forming device according to claim 1, further comprising an image carrying member for carrying a developer image, the image carrying member being disposed in contact with the object.

8. (Original) The image forming device according to claim 7, wherein the object is a transfer roller and the image carrying member is a photosensitive drum wherein the transfer roller transfers the developer image on the photosensitive drum onto a sheet of paper.

9. (Original) The image forming device according to claim 1, wherein the object is a roller member formed of a resilient ion-conducting material.

10-11. (Canceled).